Consolidated Financial Results Overview

2018 Consolidated Financial Results

(¥million) Thai Baht exchange rates(1Baht:¥ 3 46 3 41 -0.05 2017fiscal 2018fiscal Comparison with the previous period year year (1) (2) (2)-(1)Rate of change Sales 21.752 22.769 +1.0174.7% 1,559 1,722 +162 10.4% Operating Profit Ordinary Profit 1,868 1,999 +1307.0% Net Income devolved to the shareholders of parent company 1,508 1,317 △190 $\triangle 12.7\%$

(Note)

[Year-end dividend] 10. 0¥ (10.0 ¥/annual, 1.50 Yen /share of commemorative dividend for 70th year anniversary included.)

2019 Business Forecast

(¥million)

	2018fiscal	2019fiscal year			Comparison with the previous period	
	year ①	first half	The second half	Year outlook ②	2-1	Rate of change
Sales	22,769	10,400	10,700	21,100	△1,669	△7.3%
Operating Profit	1,722	550	600	1,150	△572	△33.2%
Ordinary Profit	1,999	700	750	1,450	△549	△27.5%
Net Income devolved to the shareholders of parent company	1,317	850	500	1,350	+32	2.5%

(Outlook points of 2019 fiscal year)

- 2. On the profit and loss point of view,we forecast less profit up to the ordinary profit stage due to the sales amount decrease and termination of compensation amount receipt by the customer's production termination that appropriated in the previous term. But we forecast that net income is as same as the previous term under the influence of merger of the subsidiary company disclosed today.
- 3. Our forecasted Thai Baht exchange rate in 2019 fiscal year is 3.35 ¥ /Thai Baht. (*0.06 ¥/Baht compared with actual result in 2018).

[•]In the fiscal year 2017, according to the liquidation of Shanghai Nittan formerly 100% subsidiary company in China, we appropriated 24 million yen of operation loss and 58 million yen of provision for loss on liquidation of subsidiary company, on the other hand, we appropriated 305 million yen of sales gain for investment securities selling and 102 million yen of investment transfer gain as extra ordinary profit.

^{1.} For the sales, we forecast adecease in income by approx. 47%, reflecting the global sales' slowing down among our customers in the forging business and the termination of transaction that contributed to the previous period in the logistics business.

1. Sales amount and operating profit By the Segments.

(¥million)

		2017fiscal	2018fiscal	Comparison with the previous period		
		year ①	year ②	2-1	Rate of change	
Forging	Sales	18,041	18,916	+874	4.8%	
business	Operating Profit	1,498	1,684	+185	12.4%	
Scaffolding	Sales	2,094	1,705	△389	△18.6%	
parts business	Operating Profit	279	161	△117	△42.0%	
Logistics	Sales	1,439	1,974	+534	37.1%	
products business	Operating Profit	89	180	90	100.9%	
Real estate business	Sales	176	173	Δ3	△1.8%	
	Operating Profit	85	81	Δ4	△5.0%	
Segments	Sales	21,752	22,769	+1,017	4.7%	
total	Operating Profit	1,953	2,108	+154	7.9%	
Corporate expenses		△394	△386	+7	_	
Operating Profit on P/L Account		1,559	1,722	+162	10.4%	

2.Breakdown of forging business

①Sales amount By the country

(¥million)

	2017fiscal	2018fiscal	Comparison with the previous period		
	year ①	year ②	2-1	Rate of change	
Domestic sales amount	11,485	11,722	+237	2.1%	
Thailand sales amount	6,556	7,193	+637	9.7%	
Total	18,041	18,916	+874	4.8%	
(Reference) Thai Baht exchange rates(1Baht:¥)	3.46¥/Baht	3.41¥/Baht			

②Sales amount By the industry.

	2017fiscal year	2018fiscal year	Comparison with the previous period		
	1	2	2-1	Rate of change	
Automotive industry	13,553	14,208	+655	4.8%	
Construction machinery industry	4,488	4,707	+219	4.9%	
Total	18,041	18,916	+874	4.8%	

XSales amount for Automotive industry includes for passenger vehicles, commercial vehicles, trucks and forklifts.

 $[\]Re$ Sales amount for Construction machinery industry includes for Industrial machines and Scaffolding parts.

3.Non-operating income breakdown

(¥million)

	2017fiscal	2018fiscal	Comparison with the previous period		
	year ①	year ②	2-1	Rate of change	
Non-operating income	372	371	Δ1	△0.3%	
Interest income	40	41	±0	+10%	
Dividend income	201	128	△73	△36.3%	
Steel scrap selling income	26	40	+13	+52.6%	
Others	103	161	+57	+56.0%	
Non-operating expense	63	93	+30	+48.5%	
Interest expense	9	8	±0	△7.1%	
Dies disposal loss	47	60	+12	+26.7%	
Others	5	24	+18	+311.5%	

(Note) The amount of dividend receipt in 2017 fiscal year, included the 76 million yen of dividend from the joint venture company.

(Note) The gain on sales for non-operating income of scrap selling in 2018 fiscal yesr, includes scraps of equipments etc. selling that were scraped in the previous term.

(Note) Non-operating income and others in 2018 fiscal year, includes 58 million yen of compensation receipt as a result of production termintion by the customer.

4.Breakdown of capital investment and depreciation

(¥million)

	2017fiscal	2018fiscal	Comparison with t	he previous period	2019 fiscal year
	year ①	year ②	2-1	Rate of change	(initial projection)
Amount of capital investment	1,174	999	△174	△14.9%	1,400
(As for forging business.)	(1,144)	(803)	(△340)	△29.8%	(1,400)
Depreciation implementation Amount	1,153	1,067	△85	△7.4%	1,100

- Major contents of capital investment in fiscal 2018.
 - ① Expansion works of Tsukuba equipment center in scafolding business (Obtaining of the land included): 170mill. Yen.
 - 2 Facility maintenance in domestic and overseas' forging factories etc.: 829 mill.Yen.
 - \times 170 million yen of Renewal work for Rear Axle Shaft machining line in Thai subsidiary company scheduled in the bigining of this term is postponded to 2019 fiscal year.
- Major contents of capital investment in fiscal 2019.
 - ① Renewal and expansion of Axle Shaft Machining Line in Thai subsidiary company in forging business. : 610 mill. Yen
 - ② Renewal of the equipment for special high voltage receiving station to the domestic subsidairy company in forging business.: : 200 mill. Yen
 - 3 Facility maintenance in domestic and overseas' forging factories etc.: 590 mill. Yen.